

## **BBB-MCA1020**

Seat No.

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## M. C. A. (Sem. I) (CBCS) Examination

July - 2021

## MCA1020 : Computer Organization & Architecture (New Course)

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours] [Total Marks: 70 Attempt any five of the following. **Instruction**: 1 (a) Attempt the following: 4 (1)Convert  $(4652)_8$  into the binary number system. (2)Convert (146)<sub>10</sub> into a binary number system. Convert  $(1A7)_{16}$  into the decimal number system. (3)Convert  $(1001001100)_2$  into decimal number (4) system. (b) Explain addition of two binary numbers with example. 2 3 What is the function of Main Memory? (c) Explain in detail any two input devices. (d) 5 2 Attempt the following: (a) 4 Convert (DA2)<sub>16</sub> into the binary number system. (2)Convert  $(110010)_2$  into octal number system. (3) Convert (1056)<sub>16</sub> into decimal number system. Convert  $(11672)_5$  into decimal number system. Explain complement operation with binary numbers. 2 (b)

Explain in brief any one storage device.

Explain in detail any two output devices.

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(c)

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3	(a)	Attempt the following:	4
		(1) What is truth table?	
		(2) Draw three variable Karnaugh Map.	
		(3) What is Product of Sum (POS) ?	
		(4) Write truth table for XOR gate.	
	(b)	Define De Morgan's theorem.	2
	(c)	Simplify the following boolean expression	3
		$\overline{AB}(\overline{A}+B)(\overline{B}+B)$ using boolean algebra.	
	(d)	Explain AND & NAND gates with its diagram	5
		and truth table.	
4	(a)	Attempt the following:	4
		(1) What is Boolean algebra ?	
		(2) What is karnaugh map?	
		(3) What is sum of product (SOP) ?	
		(4) Write truth table for NOT gate.	
	(b)	Draw four variable Karnaugh Map.	2
	(c)	Draw circuit for Boolean equation:	3
		Y = A'B'C'D + AB'C'D + ABC'D + ABCD'.	
	(d)	Explain OR & NOR gates with its diagram and	. 5
		truth table.	
5	(a)	Attempt the following:	4
		(1) What is the full form of EEPROM?	
		(2) 1 MB is equivalent to how many bytes?	
		(3) What is a full form of USB?	
		(4) What is main memory?	
	(b)	What is auxiliary memory?	2
	(c)	What is ALU? What is a role of ALU?	3
	(d)	Explain in detail any five addressing modes.	5
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6	(a)	Attempt the following:	4
		(1) What is the fall form of EPROM?	
		(2) Which is the smallest unit for measuring	
		computer memory ?	
		(3) What is virtual memory?	
		(4) What is associative memory?	
	(b)	What is cache memory ?	2
	(c)	Write a note on instruction formats.	3
	(d)	What is 1004? Differentiate between RAM and ROM.	5
7	(a)	Attempt the following:	4
		(1) What is combinational circuit?	
		(2) What is comparator?	
		(3) What is digital logic circuit?	
		(4) What is binary subtractor?	
	(b)	Write a note on encoder.	2
	(c)	Draw full adder arithmetic circuit.	3
	(d)	What is multiplexer? Explain in detail.	5
8	(a)	Attempt the following:	4
		(1) What is full adder?	
		(2) What is integrated circuit?	
		(3) What is demultiplexer?	
		(4) What is binary adder?	
	(b)	What are the applications of combinatorial circuit?	2
	(c)	Design half adder as two-level AND-OR circuit.	3
	(d)	What is decoder? Explain in detail.	5
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9	(a)	Attempt the following:	4
		(1) What is counter?	
		(2) What is synchronous counter?	
		(3) What is universal register?	
		(4) What will be the output in SR, flip flop if Q = O?	
	(b)	Explain storage register with parallel input.	2
	(c)	Explain ripple counter.	3
	(d)	Explain in detail JK Flip Flop.	5
10	(a)	Attempt the following:	4
		(1) What is Flip Flop?	
		(2) What is asynchronous counter?	
		(3) What is shift register?	
		(4) A basic S-R flip-flop can be constructed by	
		cross-coupling of which basic logic gates ?	
	(b)	Explain storage register with serial input.	2
	(c)	Explain increment counter.	3
	(d)	Explain D-Flip and compare it with SR flip flop.	5